

24

Cant. a l'ff. mo:

229

Con Ciel. &c.

No. q. sy del mort,

Lana; &c.

1751.

Q.

Cant.^a *Alleg.^{ro} con V.*

1.^a q.³ Soy del mortal blasen sagrado. la jée q.³ lea guiado, a sa-
 uer ben Ciegas, como Verse con Dios a mente unido, con Lazo Gene-
 roso. Al se cara su Lazo de co ro so, pues Consigo Constante.

la Victoria, Cantare de mi aplauso. para gloria;

Aria: *2.^a* *23.*
Vivo. Cientos bullidosos, q.³ Correis ligeros, Velozes vi-
 dosos, al ti vos y fieros, Velozes. Vardosos. al ti vos y-
 fieros por to do el Confin, mi fama le va d, mi

sama llevad, por to do el con sin, mi sama llevad, mi sama. mi sama mi-
sama llevad, mi sama llevad, Vientos bulli'ciosos. q.³ Correis lige ros,
Velo zes. Vuidosos, Velo zes Vuidosos. al ti- uos. fieros. al
ti uos. y fieros, Velo zes. Vuidosos. al ti uos. fieros, por to do el con
sin. mi sama llevad. - - - - - d. por to do el Con sin, mi sama lleva
- - - - - d, mi sama llevad, por to do el Con sin mi-
sama llevad, mi sama. mi sama. sama. mi sama. lleva



d. mi fama lleuad, mi fama lleuad; Pues de este portento, por
fino y a mante, Vene rael a zento, del sabio galante, feliz Keru-
bin, la gran Mañd: feliz Kerubin la gran Mañd: la gran Mañd: Ma ges-
ta ^{de op.} la gran la gran Mañd: la gran. Ma gestad,
Rez: Velly chuc. q. ubage d'enecc. inq. le diuay le Cene re,
q. in ca breccion Vira, e l'pere. a q. el Siemp e con gracia Satis-
faga. q. el C. e. in. loas a la dulce Mañd:

And.

30.

Mus.

Si va felix lo grando, la gracia li be ral, i ra ci ca

mi no a llan do, del Monte Zeles ti al, por sen das del a mo - - - r, por sen das

del a mo r, Si va felix lo grando, la gracia li ue ral. i ra ci ca

mi no a llan do, del Monte Zeles tial, del Monte Zeles tial, por sen das

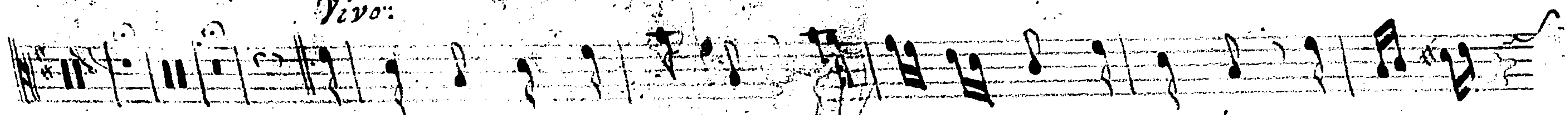
del a mo r, del Monte. del monte Zeles tial. por sen das del a mo r, del monte

Zeles ti al, por sen das del a mo r, por sen das del - - - a mo r, del monte Zeles

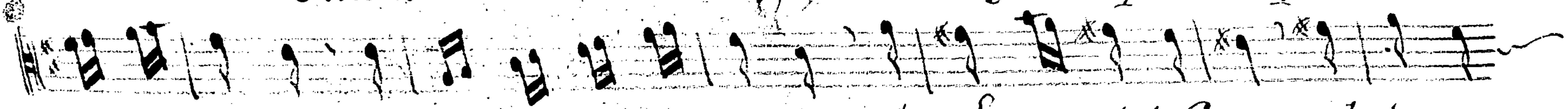
tial, por sen das del a mo

por sen das del - - a mo r

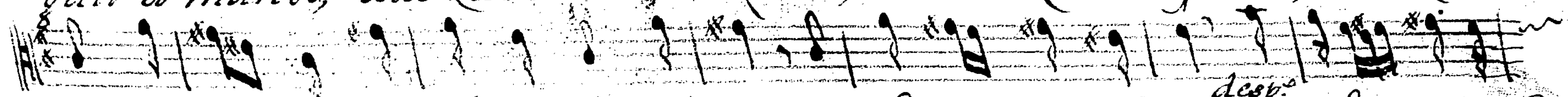
Vivo:



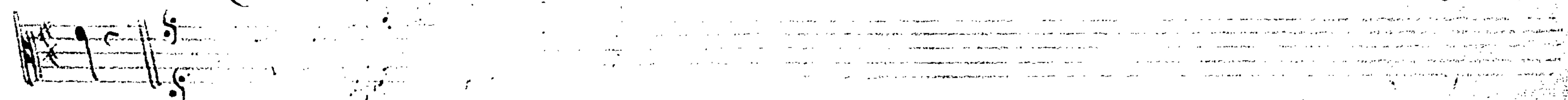
Mientras mas subli'me, valor mayor Inprime, para se-



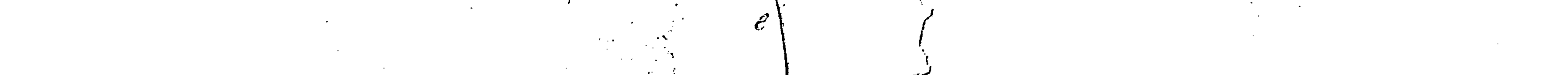
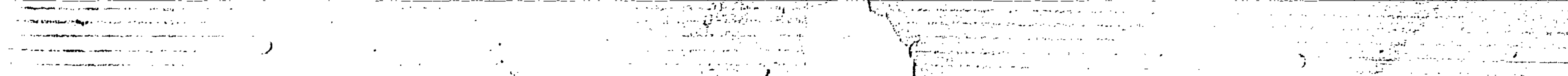
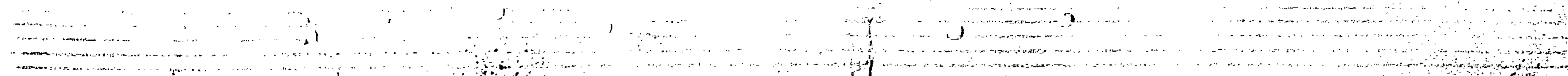
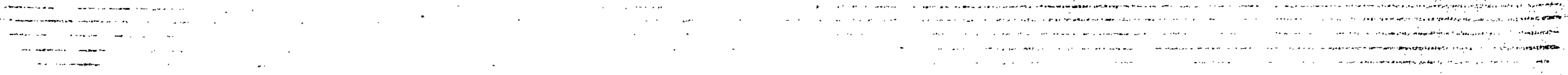
guir a'mando, dulzuras a' abrazando, las Luces del fauor, dulzuras



a' abrazando, las Luces del fauor, las Luces del fauor, ^{desp.} las Luces del fa-



uor;



Violin. 1^o. { Rez. Sacet. }

Aria:

Allegro:

Bientos:

The musical score is written on ten staves. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a 2/4 time signature. The notation is dense, featuring many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes, creating a rapid, rhythmic texture. Dynamic markings include *f* (forte) and *pe* (pizzicato). The subsequent staves continue this complex rhythmic pattern, with some staves showing a change in texture or dynamics. The notation is handwritten and appears to be from a historical manuscript. The paper is aged and slightly discolored.

Handwritten musical score on six staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The second staff contains a measure with a double bar line and the marking *mod.to.* below it. The third staff continues the musical notation. The fourth staff features a measure with a double bar line and the marking *mod.to.* below it. The fifth staff continues the musical notation. The sixth staff concludes with a double bar line and the markings *Rece.* and *Facet.* below it.

Aria:
Allegro:
Solo:

Adagio:
Allegro: tod.
Solo:
Solo:
Adagio:
Vivo:
Adagio: Vivo:

Vivo:

Adagio:

Vivo:

Adagio:

Vivo:

Solo:

Handwritten musical score for Violin I. The first four staves contain musical notation with various tempo markings: 'Vivo:' at the beginning, 'Adagio:' after the first staff, 'Vivo:' after the second staff, 'Adagio:' after the third staff, and 'Vivo:' after the fourth staff. The fourth staff ends with a 'Solo:' marking. The notation includes various note values, rests, and accidentals.

finis.

Violin. 1^o

Aria. Violin 2. 3. Rez. tacet.

Orient:

The musical score is written on ten staves. The first staff begins with the title 'Aria. Violin 2. 3. Rez. tacet.' and the word 'Orient:'. The music is written in a single system. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like 'p' (piano) and 'f' (forte). The score is written in a cursive, handwritten style.

Handwritten musical score on six staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music is written in a style characteristic of 19th-century manuscript notation. The sixth staff contains the text "Rex" and "Acet." written above the staff lines.

Rex
Acet.

Three empty musical staves at the bottom of the page, each consisting of five horizontal lines.

Aria:
Vivo:
Allegro:

12.

deop. *Vivo:* *Vivo:*

Vivo: *Allegro:*

131
132

Alia:

Violoncello:

Contralto:



1. *Comp.^{to} Cont.^o Con.^o*

